

Time can be a charge

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See the Unified Absolute Relativity Theory at:

www.wbabin.net/saraiva/saraiva305.pdf
www.wbabin.net/saraiva/saraiva306.pdf
www.wbabin.net/saraiva/saraiva307.pdf
www.wbabin.net/saraiva/saraiva328.pdf
www.wbabin.net/stham/saraiva347.pdf
www.wbabin.net/stham/saraiva366.pdf

Time can be a charge.

Charges:

Time quantum -- $t_e = 8.1 \times 10^{-21} s$
Magnetic charge -- $q_m = 2.1 \times 10^{-15} \text{ Weber}$
Electric charge -- $q_e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} C$
Mass -- $m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} kg$

Time current:

$$I_t = \Delta n$$

For a constant volume and time, the time current is the variation of the number of things.

Energy:

$$E_t = \frac{h}{2t_e} = \frac{E_e}{2} = 4.1 \times 10^{-14} J$$

Time resistance quantum:

$$R_t = \frac{h}{2t_e^2} = 5.1 \times 10^6 \text{ Watt}$$

Time voltage:

$$V_t = \frac{E_e}{2t_e} = R_t ; \quad \Delta n_e = \frac{V_t}{R_t} = 1$$

$$V_t = k \frac{t_e}{D} ; \quad k = L^3 V^6 \approx 10^6$$

Time force:

$$F_t = k \frac{t_e^2}{D^2}$$

If space is a charge:

$$q_x = x_e = 2.4 \times 10^{-12} m$$

Space current or speed:

$$I_x = \frac{x_e}{t_e} = c$$

Space energy and voltage:

$$E_x = x_e V_x \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad V_x = Force$$

Momentum:

$$p_x = \frac{h}{2x_e} = 1.4 \times 10^{-22}$$

Space resistance:

$$R_x = \frac{h}{2x_e^2} = 5.6 \times 10^{-11} = I_{MS}$$

Mass current:

$$I_{MS} = \frac{m_e}{t_e} = 1.1 \times 10^{-10} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad I_{MS} = 2R_x$$

Entropy is an area or a surface as in black holes.

Time doesn't exist in nature. All that exists is distance and speed.

We fell time by memory loss.