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Variable Surface Refrigerator

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See Unified Absolute Relativity Theory at:

http://www.wbabin.net/saraiva/saraiva105.pdf
http://www.wbabin.net/saraiva/saraiva223.pdf

Abstract – The temperature, like surface tension, is an energy surface density.

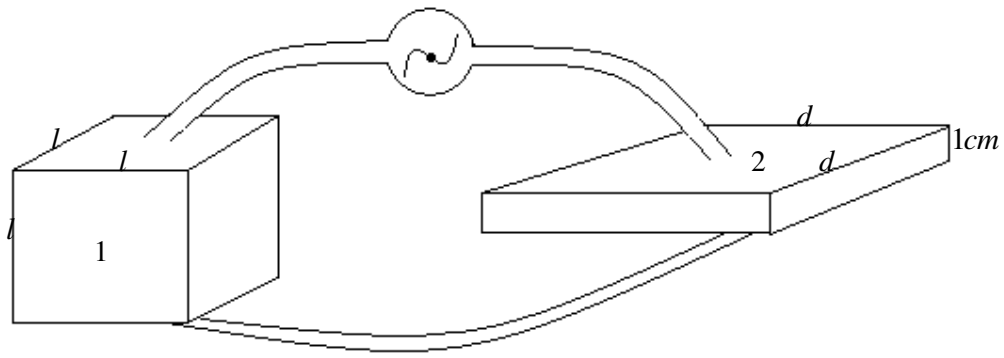
$$T = \frac{E}{A}$$

T – Temperature; E – Energy; A – Area or surface

$$\Leftrightarrow \qquad \Delta T = \frac{T}{A}\Delta A$$

$T = 15^{\circ} C$; $A_1 = 600 cm^2$; $A_2 = 2100 cm^2$; $\Delta A = 1500 cm^2$

$$\Leftrightarrow \qquad \Delta T = 10.7^{\circ} C$$



$l = 10 cm$ $\qquad\qquad$ $d = 31.6 cm$

Volume: $V_1 = V_2$

The system has two metallic boxes with equal volumes and different surfaces.
A pump makes the fluid circulate between the two boxes.
The temperature in (1) becomes 20.3ºC and in (2) 9.6ºC.